

1 **ENROLLED**

2 COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

3 FOR

4 **Senate Bill No. 249**

5 (Senators Trump, Blair, Ferns, M. Hall and Walters, *original sponsors*)

6 \_\_\_\_\_  
7 [Passed March 11, 2015; in effect ninety days from passage.]  
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9  
10 AN ACT to amend and reenact §3-4A-9, §3-4A-11a and §3-4A-27 of the Code of West Virginia,  
11 1931, as amended; and to amend and reenact §3-6-2, §3-6-3, §3-6-5 and §3-6-6 of said code,  
12 all relating to disallowing voting a straight party ticket by one mark or punch in a general  
13 election.

14 *Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:*

15 That §3-4A-9, §3-4A-11a and §3-4A-27 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended,  
16 be amended and reenacted; and that §3-6-2, §3-6-3, §3-6-5 and §3-6-6 of said code be amended and  
17 reenacted, all to read as follows:

18 **ARTICLE 4A. ELECTRONIC VOTING SYSTEMS.**

19 **§3-4A-9. Minimum requirements of electronic voting systems.**

20 An electronic voting system of particular make and design may not be approved by the State  
21 Election Commission or be purchased, leased or used by any county commission unless it meets the  
22 following requirements:

23 (1) It secures or ensures the voter absolute secrecy in the act of voting or, at the voter's  
24 election, provides for open voting;

25 (2) It is constructed to ensure that, except in instances of open voting as provided in this  
26 section, the contents of a marked ballot may not be seen or known by anyone other than the voter  
27 who has voted or is voting;

1 (3) It permits each voter to vote at any election for all persons and offices for whom and  
2 which he or she is lawfully entitled to vote, whether or not the name of any person appears on a  
3 ballot as a candidate; and it permits each voter to vote for as many persons for an office as he or she  
4 is lawfully entitled to vote for; and to vote for or against any question upon which he or she is  
5 lawfully entitled to vote. The automatic tabulating equipment used in electronic voting systems is  
6 to reject choices recorded on any ballot if the number of choices exceeds the number to which a voter  
7 is entitled;

8 (4) It permits each voter to write in the names of persons for whom he or she desires to vote  
9 whose names do not appear upon the ballots;

10 (5) It permits each voter to change his or her vote for any candidate and upon any question  
11 appearing upon the ballots or ballot labels up to the time when his or her ballot is deposited in the  
12 ballot box or his or her ballot is cast by electronic means;

13 (6) It contains programming media containing sequentially numbered program instructions  
14 and coded or otherwise protected from tampering or substitution of the media or program  
15 instructions by unauthorized persons and capable of tabulating all votes cast in each election;

16 (7) It contains two standard validation test decks approved as to form and testing capabilities  
17 by the State Election Commission;

18 (8) It correctly records and counts accurately all votes cast for each candidate and for and  
19 against each question appearing upon the ballots;

20 ;

21 (9) It permits a voter in a primary election to: (A) Vote only for the candidates of the party  
22 for which the voter is legally permitted to vote; (B) vote for the candidates, if any, for nonpartisan  
23 nominations or election; and (C) vote on public questions; and precludes the voter from voting for  
24 any candidate seeking nomination by any other political party unless that political party has  
25 determined that the voter may participate in its primary election;

26 (10) It, where applicable, is provided with means for sealing or electronically securing the  
27 vote-recording device to prevent its use and to prevent tampering with the device, both before the  
28 polls are open or before the operation of the vote-recording device for an election is begun and

1 immediately after the polls are closed or after the operation of the vote-recording device for an  
2 election is completed;

3 (11) It has the capacity to contain the names of candidates constituting the tickets of at least  
4 nine political parties and accommodates the wording of at least fifteen questions;

5 (12) (A) Direct-recording electronic voting machines must generate a paper copy of each  
6 voter's vote that will be automatically kept within a storage container that is locked, closely attached  
7 to the direct-recording electronic voting machine and inaccessible to all but authorized voting  
8 officials, who will handle such storage containers and such paper copies contained therein in  
9 accordance with section nineteen of this article;

10 (B) The paper copy of the voter's vote shall be generated at the time the voter is at the voting  
11 station using the direct-recording electronic voting machine;

12 (C) The voter may examine the paper copy visually or through headphone readout, and may  
13 accept or reject the printed copy;

14 (D) The voter may not touch, handle or manipulate the printed copy manually in any way;

15 (E) Once the printed copy of the voter's votes is accepted by the voter as correctly reflecting  
16 the voter's intent, but not before, it will automatically be stored for recounts or random checks and  
17 the electronic vote will be cast within the computer mechanism of the direct-recording electronic  
18 voting machine;

19 (F) Direct-recording electronic voting machines with a mandatory paper copy shall be  
20 approved by the Secretary of State. The Secretary of State may promulgate rules and emergency  
21 rules to implement or enforce this subsection pursuant to the provisions of section five, article three,  
22 chapter twenty-nine-a of this code;

23 (13) Where vote-recording devices are used, they shall:

24 (A) Be durably constructed of material of good quality and in a workmanlike manner and in  
25 a form which makes it safely transportable;

26 (B) Bear a number that will identify it or distinguish it from any other machine;

27 (C) Be constructed to ensure that a voter may easily learn the method of operating it and may  
28 expeditiously cast his or her vote for all candidates of his or her choice and upon any public question;

1 and

2 (D) Be accompanied by a mechanically or electronically operated instruction model which  
3 shows the arrangement of the ballot, party columns or rows and questions;

4 (14) For electronic voting systems that utilize a screen upon which votes may be recorded  
5 by means of a stylus or by means of touch, they shall:

6 (A) Be constructed to provide for the direct electronic recording and tabulating of votes cast  
7 in a system specifically designed and engineered for the election application;

8 (B) Be constructed to prevent any voter from voting for more than the allowable number of  
9 candidates for any office, to include an audible or visual signal, or both, warning any voter who  
10 attempts to vote for more than the allowable number of candidates for any office or who attempts  
11 to cast his or her ballot prior to its completion and are constructed to include a visual or audible  
12 confirmation, or both, to the voter upon completion and casting of the ballot;

13 (C) Be constructed to present the entire ballot to the voter, in a series of sequential pages, and  
14 to ensure that the voter sees all of the ballot options on all pages before completing his or her vote  
15 and to allow the voter to review and change all ballot choices prior to completing and casting his or  
16 her ballot;

17 (D) Be constructed to allow election commissioners to spoil a ballot where a voter fails to  
18 properly cast his or her ballot, has departed the polling place and cannot be recalled by a poll clerk  
19 to complete his or her ballot;

20 (E) Be constructed to allow election commissioners, poll clerks or both to designate, mark  
21 or otherwise record provisional ballots;

22 (F) Consist of devices which are independent, nonnetworked voting systems in which each  
23 vote is recorded and retained within each device's internal nonvolatile electronic memory and contain  
24 an internal security, the absence of which prevents substitution of any other device;

25 (G) Store each vote in no fewer than three separate, independent, nonvolatile electronic  
26 memory components and that each device contains comprehensive diagnostics to ensure that failures  
27 do not go undetected;

28 (H) Contain a unique, embedded internal serial number for auditing purposes for each device

1 used to activate, retain and record votes;

2 (I) Be constructed to record all preelection, election and post-election activities, including  
3 all ballot images and system anomalies, in each device's internal electronic memory and are to be  
4 accessible in electronic or printed form;

5 (J) Be constructed with a battery backup system in each device to, at a minimum, prevent the  
6 loss of any votes, as well as all preelection, election and post-election activities, including all ballot  
7 images and system anomalies, stored in the device's internal electronic memory and to allow voting  
8 to continue for two hours of uninterrupted operation in case of an electrical power failure; and

9 (K) Be constructed to prevent the loss of any votes, as well as all preelection, election and  
10 post-election activities, including all ballot images and system anomalies, stored in each device's  
11 internal electronic memory even in case of an electrical and battery power failure.

12 **§3-4A-11a. Ballots tabulated electronically; arrangement, quantity to be printed, ballot stub**  
13 **numbers.**

14 (a) The board of ballot commissioners in counties using ballots upon which votes may be  
15 recorded by means of marking with electronically sensible ink or pencil and which marks are  
16 tabulated electronically shall cause the ballots to be printed or displayed upon the screens of the  
17 electronic voting system for use in elections.

18 (b) (1) For the primary election, the heading of the ballot, the type faces, the names and  
19 arrangement of offices and the printing of names and arrangement of candidates within each office  
20 are to conform as nearly as possible to sections thirteen and thirteen-a, article five of this chapter.

21 (2) For the general election, the heading of the ballot, the type faces, the names and  
22 arrangement of offices and the printing of names and the arrangement of candidates within each  
23 office are to conform as nearly as possible to section two, article six of this chapter, except as  
24 otherwise provided in this article.

25 (3) Effective with the primary election held in 2016 and thereafter, the following nonpartisan  
26 elections are to be separated from the partisan ballot and separately headed in display type with a title  
27 clearly identifying the purpose of the election and constituting a separate ballot wherever a separate  
28 ballot is required under this chapter:

1 (A) Nonpartisan elections for judicial offices, by division, of:

2 (i) Justice of the Supreme Court of Appeals;

3 (ii) Judge of the circuit court;

4 (iii) Family court judge; and

5 (iv) Magistrate;

6 (B) Nonpartisan elections for board of education; and

7 (C) Any question to be voted upon.

8 (4) Both the face and the reverse side of the ballot may contain the names of candidates only  
9 if means to ensure the secrecy of the ballot are provided and lines for the signatures of the poll clerks  
10 on the ballot are printed on a portion of the ballot which is deposited in the ballot box and upon  
11 which marks do not interfere with the proper tabulation of the votes.

12 (5) The arrangement of candidates within each office is to be determined in the same manner  
13 as for other electronic voting systems, as prescribed in this chapter. On the general election ballot  
14 for all offices, and on the primary election ballot only for those offices to be filled by election, except  
15 delegate to national convention, lines for entering write-in votes are to be provided below the names  
16 of candidates for each office, and the number of lines provided for any office shall equal the number  
17 of persons to be elected, or three, whichever is fewer. The words "WRITE-IN, IF ANY" are to be  
18 printed, where applicable, directly under each line for write-ins. The lines are to be opposite a  
19 position to mark the vote.

20 (c) Except for electronic voting systems that utilize screens upon which votes may be  
21 recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, the primary election ballots are to be printed in  
22 the color of ink specified by the Secretary of State for the various political parties, and the general  
23 election ballot is to be printed in black ink. For electronic voting systems that utilize screens upon  
24 which votes may be recorded by means of a stylus or by means of touch, the primary ballots and the  
25 general election ballot are to be printed in black ink. All ballots are to be printed, where applicable,  
26 on white paper suitable for automatic tabulation and are to contain a perforated stub at the top or  
27 bottom of the ballot, which is to be numbered sequentially in the same manner as provided in section  
28 thirteen, article five of this chapter, or are to be displayed on the screens of the electronic voting

1 system upon which votes are recorded by means of a stylus or touch. The number of ballots printed  
2 and the packaging of ballots for the precincts are to conform to the requirements for paper ballots  
3 provided in this chapter.

4 (d) In addition to the official ballots, the ballot commissioners shall provide all other  
5 materials and equipment necessary to the proper conduct of the election.

6 **§3-4A-27. Proceedings at the central counting center.**

7 (a) All proceedings at the central counting center are to be under the supervision of the clerk  
8 of the county commission and are to be conducted under circumstances which allow observation  
9 from a designated area by all persons entitled to be present. The proceedings shall take place in a  
10 room of sufficient size and satisfactory arrangement to permit observation. Those persons entitled  
11 to be present include all candidates whose names appear on the ballots being counted or, if a  
12 candidate is absent, a representative of the candidate who presents a written authorization signed by  
13 the candidate for the purpose and two representatives of each political party on the ballot who are  
14 chosen by the county executive committee chairperson. A reasonable number of the general public  
15 is also freely admitted to the room. In the event all members of the general public desiring admission  
16 to the room cannot be admitted at one time, the county commission shall provide for a periodic and  
17 convenient rotation of admission to the room for observation, to the end that each member of the  
18 general public desiring admission, during the proceedings at the central counting center, is to be  
19 granted admission for reasonable periods of time for observation: *Provided*, That no person except  
20 those authorized for the purpose may touch any ballot or other official records and papers utilized  
21 in the election during observation.

22 (b) All persons who are engaged in processing and counting the ballots are to work in teams  
23 consisting of two persons of opposite political parties, and are to be deputized in writing and take  
24 an oath that they will faithfully perform their assigned duties. These deputies are to be issued an  
25 official badge or identification card which is assigned an identity control number and the deputies  
26 are to prominently wear on his or her outer garments the issued badge or identification card. Upon  
27 completion of the deputies' duties, the badges or identification cards are to be returned to the county  
28 clerk.

1 (c) Ballots are to be handled and tabulated and the write-in votes tallied according to  
2 procedures established by the Secretary of State, subject to the following requirements:

3 (1) In systems using ballots marked with electronically sensible ink, ballots are to be removed  
4 from the ballot boxes and stacked for the tabulator which separates ballots containing marks for a  
5 write-in position. Immediately after tabulation, the valid write-in votes are to be tallied. No write-in  
6 vote may be counted for an office unless the voter has entered the name of an official write-in  
7 candidate for that office on the line provided, either by writing, affixing a sticker or placing an  
8 ink-stamped impression thereon;

9 (2) In systems using ballots in which votes are recorded upon screens with a stylus or by  
10 means of touch, the ballots are to be tabulated according to the processes of the system. Systems  
11 using ballots in which votes are recorded upon screens with a stylus or by means of touch are to tally  
12 write-in ballots simultaneously with the other ballots;

13 (3) When more than one person is to be elected to an office and the voter desires to cast  
14 write-in votes for more than one official write-in candidate for that office, the voter shall mark the  
15 location appropriate for the voting system in the write-in location for that office. When there are  
16 multiple write-in votes for the same office and the combination of choices for candidates on the  
17 ballot and write-in choices for the same office exceed the number of candidates to be elected, the  
18 ballot is to be duplicated or hand counted, with all votes for that office rejected;

19 (4) Write-in votes for nomination for any office and write-in votes for any person other than  
20 an official write-in candidate are to be disregarded; and

21 (5) Official write-in candidates are those who have filed a write-in candidate's certificate of  
22 announcement and have been certified according to the provisions of section four-a, article six of  
23 this chapter.

24 (d) If any ballot is damaged or defective so that it cannot properly be counted by the  
25 automatic tabulating equipment, a true duplicate copy is to be made of the damaged ballot in the  
26 presence of representatives of each political party on the ballot and substituted for the damaged  
27 ballot. All duplicate ballots are to be clearly labeled "duplicate" and are to bear a serial number  
28 which is recorded on the damaged or defective ballot and on the replacement ballot.



1 (e) The returns printed by the automatic tabulating equipment at the central counting center,  
2 to which have been added write-in and other valid votes, are, when certified by the clerk of the  
3 county commission, to constitute the unofficial preliminary returns of the county. Upon completion  
4 of the count, the returns are to be open to the public by posting a summary of the returns as have  
5 been tabulated at the central counting center. Upon completion of the canvass, the returns are to be  
6 posted as tabulated precinct by precinct.

7 (f) If for any reason it becomes impracticable to count all or a part of the ballots with  
8 tabulating equipment, the county commission may direct that they be counted manually, following  
9 as far as practicable the provisions governing the counting of paper ballots.

10 (g) As soon as possible after the completion of the count, the clerk of the county commission  
11 shall have the vote-recording devices properly boxed or securely covered and removed to a proper  
12 and secure place of storage.

13 **ARTICLE 6. CONDUCT AND ADMINISTRATION OF ELECTIONS.**

14 **§3-6-2. Preparation and form of general election ballots.**

15 (a) All ballots prepared under the provisions of this section are to contain:

16 (1) The name and ticket of each party which is a political party under the provisions of  
17 section eight, article one of this chapter;

18 (2) The name chosen as the party name by each group of citizens which has secured  
19 nomination for two or more candidates by petition under the provisions of section twenty-three,  
20 article five of this chapter; and

21 (3) The names of every candidate for any office to be voted for at the election whose  
22 nomination in the primary election, nomination by petition or nomination by appointment to fill a  
23 vacancy on the ballot has been certified and filed according to law and no others.

24 (b) The provisions of paragraphs (C) and (D), subdivision (2), section thirteen, article five  
25 of this chapter; subdivision (3) of said section; paragraphs (A) and (B), subdivision (4) of said  
26 section; and subdivisions (6), (7), (8) and (9) of said section pertaining to the preparation and form  
27 of primary election ballots shall likewise apply to general election ballots.

28 (c) (1) For all ballot systems, the ballot heading is to be in display type and contain the words

1 “Official Ballot, General Election” and the name of the county and the month, day and year of the  
2 election.

3 (2) After the heading, each ballot is to contain, laid out in parallel columns, rows or pages  
4 as required by the particular voting system, the party emblem and the name of each party as  
5 prescribed in subsection (a) of this section.

6 (3) The party whose candidate for president received the highest number of votes at the last  
7 preceding presidential election is to be placed in the left, or first column, row or page, as is  
8 appropriate to the voting system. The party which received the second highest vote is to be next and  
9 so on. Any groups or third parties which did not have a candidate for president on the ballot in the  
10 previous presidential election are to be placed in the sequence in which the final certificates of  
11 nomination by petition were filed.

12 (4) For all ballots, any columns, rows or sections in which the ticket of one party appears are  
13 to be clearly separated from the other columns, rows or sections by a heavy line or other clear  
14 division. For each party, the offices are to be arranged in the order prescribed in section thirteen-a,  
15 article five of this chapter under the appropriate tickets, which are to be headed “National Ticket”,  
16 “State Ticket” and “County Ticket”. The number of pages, columns or rows, where applicable, may  
17 be modified to meet the limitations of ballot size and composition requirements, subject to approval  
18 by the Secretary of State.

19 (d) The arrangement of names within each office for all ballot systems is to be as follows:

20 (1) In elections for presidential electors, the names of the candidates for president and vice  
21 president of each party are to be placed beside a brace with a single voting position, so that a vote  
22 for any presidential candidate is a vote for the electors of the party for which the candidates were  
23 named.

24 (2) The order of names of candidates for any office or division for which more than one is  
25 to be elected is determined as prescribed in section thirteen-a, article five of this chapter: *Provided,*  
26 That the drawing by lot is to be conducted on the seventieth day next preceding the date of the  
27 general election, beginning at 9:00 a.m.

28 (3) In any office where more than one person is to be elected, the names of the candidates for

1 the office are to be staggered so that no two candidates for that office appear directly opposite any  
2 other candidate, as shown in the example below: *Provided*, That if the voting system cannot  
3 accurately tabulate any ballot due to this requirement, the ballot may be adjusted so that it is  
4 accurately tabulated. However, each candidate shall be separated by a thin line to distinguish  
5 between each candidate.

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7 For House of Delegates	For House of Delegates
8 First Delegate District	First Delegate District
9 (Vote For Not More Than Two)	(Vote For Not More Than Two)
10 SUSAN B. ANTHONY	
11 City (County)	
12	JOHN ADAMS
13	City (County)
14 ABRAHAM LINCOLN	
15 City (County)	
16	
17	JAMES MONROE
18	City (County)

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21 (4) Each voting system is to provide a means for voters to vote for any person whose name  
22 does not appear on the ticket by writing it with pen or pencil or by using stamps, stickers, tapes,  
23 labels or other means of writing in the name of a candidate which does not interfere with the  
24 tabulation of the ballot.

25 (A) In paper ballot systems which allow for write-ins to be made directly on the ballot, a  
26 blank square and a blank line equal to the space which would be occupied by the name of the  
27 candidate is to be placed under the proper office for each vacancy in nomination and for an office  
28 for which more than one is to be elected, any vacancy is to appear after any other candidates for the

1 office. If no write-in lines are included on the ballot, specific instructions are to be added to the top  
2 of the ballot notifying the voter that a write-in vote may be cast by writing the name and office on  
3 any location on the front of the ballot.

4 (B) In machine and electronically tabulated ballot systems in which write-in votes must be  
5 made in a place other than on the ballot, if there is a vacancy in nomination leaving fewer candidates  
6 in any party than can be elected to that office, the words “No Candidate Nominated” are to be printed  
7 in the space that would be occupied by the name of the candidate and for an office for which more  
8 than one is to be elected, any vacancy is to appear after any other candidates for the office.  
9 Notwithstanding any other provision of this code, if there are multiple vacant positions on a ballot  
10 for one office, the multiple vacant positions which would otherwise be filled with the words “No  
11 Candidate Filed” may be replaced with a brief detailed description, approved by the Secretary of  
12 State, indicating that there are no candidates listed for the vacant positions.

13 (5) In a general election in any county in which unexpired terms of the board of education  
14 are to be filled by election, a separate section or page of the ballot is to be set off by means clearly  
15 separating the nonpartisan ballot from the ballot for the political party candidates and is to be headed  
16 “Nonpartisan Board of Education”.

17 (e) Any constitutional amendment is to be placed following all offices, followed by any other  
18 issue upon which the voters are to cast a vote. The heading for each amendment or issue is to be  
19 printed in large, bold type according to the requirements of the resolution authorizing the election.

20 (f) The board of ballot commissioners may not place any issue on the ballot for election  
21 which is not specifically authorized under the West Virginia Constitution or statutes or which has  
22 not been properly ordered by the appropriate governmental body charged with calling the election.

23 (g) A ballot may not offer a voter the option of voting a straight party ticket by one mark or  
24 punch.

25 **§3-6-3. Publication of sample ballots and lists of candidates.**

26 (a) The ballot commissioners of each county shall prepare a sample official general election  
27 ballot for all political party or nominees with no party affiliation unless those persons have actually  
28 been nominated by an independent party, nonpartisan candidates for election, if any, and all ballot

1 issues to be voted for at the general election, according to the provisions of article four-a of this  
2 chapter, and for any ballot issue, according to the provisions of law authorizing the election.

3 (b) The facsimile sample general election ballot shall be published as follows:

4 (1) For counties in which two or more qualified newspapers publish a daily newspaper, not  
5 more than twenty-six nor less than twenty days preceding the general election, the ballot  
6 commissioners shall publish the sample official general election ballot as a Class I-0 legal  
7 advertisement in the two qualified daily newspapers of different political parties within the county  
8 having the largest circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine  
9 of this code;

10 (2) For counties having no more than one daily newspaper, or having only one or more  
11 qualified newspapers which publish weekly, not more than twenty-six nor less than twenty days  
12 preceding the primary election, the ballot commissioners shall publish the sample official general  
13 election ballot as a Class I legal advertisement in the qualified newspaper within the county having  
14 the largest circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this  
15 code; and

16 (3) Each facsimile sample ballot shall be a photographic reproduction of the official sample  
17 ballot or ballot pages and shall be printed in a size no less than sixty-five percent of the actual size  
18 of the ballot, at the discretion of the ballot commissioners: *Provided*, That when the ballots for the  
19 precincts within the county contain different senatorial, delegate, magisterial or executive committee  
20 districts or when the ballots for precincts within a city contain different municipal wards, the  
21 facsimile shall be altered to include each of the various districts in the appropriate order. If, in order  
22 to accommodate the size of each ballot, the ballot or ballot pages must be divided onto more than  
23 one page, the arrangement and order shall be made to conform as nearly as possible to the  
24 arrangement of the ballot. The publisher of the newspaper shall submit a proof of the ballot and the  
25 arrangement to the ballot commissioners for approval prior to publication.

26 (c) The ballot commissioners of each county shall prepare, in the form and manner prescribed  
27 by the Secretary of State, an official list of offices and nominees for each office which will appear  
28 on the general election ballot for each political party or as nominees with no party affiliation unless

1 those persons have actually been nominated by an independent party and, as the case may be, for the  
2 nonpartisan candidates to be voted for at the general election:

3 (1) All information which appears on the ballot, including instructions as to the number of  
4 candidates for whom votes may be cast for the office, any additional language which will appear on  
5 the ballot below the name of the office, any identifying information relating to the candidates, such  
6 as his or her residence and magisterial district or presidential preference. Following the names of  
7 all candidates, the list shall include the full title, text and voting positions of any issue to appear on  
8 the ballot.

9 (2) The order of the offices and candidates for each office and the manner of designating the  
10 parties shall be as follows:

11 (A) The offices shall be listed in the same order in which they appear on the ballot;

12 (B) The candidates within each office for which one is to be elected shall be listed in the  
13 order they appear on the ballot, from left to right or from top to bottom, as the case may be, and the  
14 candidate's political party affiliation or independent status shall be indicated by the one- or two-letter  
15 initial specifying the affiliation, placed in parenthesis to the right of the candidate's name; and

16 (C) The candidates within each office for which more than one is to be elected shall be  
17 arranged by political party groups in the order they appear on the ballot and the candidate's affiliation  
18 shall be indicated as provided in paragraph (B) of this subdivision.

19 (d) The official list of candidates and issues as provided in subsection (c) of this section shall  
20 be published as follows:

21 (1) For counties in which two or more qualified newspapers publish a daily newspaper, on  
22 the last day on which a newspaper is published immediately preceding the general election, the ballot  
23 commissioners shall publish the official list of nominees and issues as a Class I-0 legal advertisement  
24 in the two qualified daily newspapers of different political parties within the county having the  
25 largest circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this code;

26 (2) For counties having no more than one daily paper, or having only one or more qualified  
27 newspapers which publish weekly, on the last day on which a newspaper is published immediately  
28 preceding the general election, the ballot commissioners shall publish the sample official list of

1 nominees and issues as a Class I legal advertisement in the qualified newspaper within the county  
2 having the largest circulation in compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine  
3 of this code;

4 (3) The publication of the official list of nominees for each party and for nonpartisan  
5 candidates shall be in single or double columns, as required to accommodate the type size  
6 requirements as follows:

7 (A) The words “official list of nominees and issues”, the name of the county, the words  
8 “General Election” and the date of the election shall be printed in all capital letters and in bold type  
9 no smaller than fourteen point; and

10 (B) The names of the candidates and the initial within parenthesis designating the candidate's  
11 affiliation shall be printed in all capital letters in bold type no smaller than ten point and the  
12 residence information shall be printed in type no smaller than ten point; and

13 (4) When any ballot issue is to appear on the ballot, the title of that ballot shall be printed in  
14 all capital letters in bold type no smaller than twelve point. The text of the ballot issue shall appear  
15 in no smaller than eight point type. The ballot commissioners may require the publication of the  
16 ballot issue under this subsection in the facsimile sample ballot format in lieu of the alternate format.

17 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (c) and (d) of this section, the ballot  
18 commissioners of any county may choose to publish a facsimile sample general election ballot,  
19 instead of the official list of candidates and issues, for purposes of the last publication required  
20 before any general election.

21 **§3-6-5. Rules and procedures in election other than primaries.**

22 The provisions of article one of this chapter relating to elections generally shall govern and  
23 control arrangements and election officials for the conduct of elections under this article. The  
24 following rules and procedures shall govern the voting for candidates in general and special  
25 elections:

26 (a) If the voter desires to vote for an official write-in candidate, the voter shall: write with  
27 ink or other means or affix a sticker or label or place an ink-stamped impression of the name of an

1 official write-in candidate for an office for whom he or she desires to vote in the space designated  
2 for write-in votes for the particular voting system or for paper ballot systems, write or place the name  
3 and office designation in any position on the face of the ballot which makes the intention of the voter  
4 clear as to both the office and the candidate chosen.

5 The Secretary of State may proscribe devices for casting write-in votes which would cause  
6 mechanical difficulty with voting machines or electronic devices or which would obliterate or deface  
7 a paper ballot or any portion thereof, but the Secretary of State shall preserve the right to vote by a  
8 write-in vote for those candidates who have filed and have been certified as official write-in  
9 candidates under the provisions of section four-a of this article.

10 (b) If the voter marks more names than there are persons to be elected to an office or if, for  
11 any reason, it is impossible to determine the voter's choice for an office to be filled, the ballot shall  
12 not be counted for the office. The intention of the voter shall be deemed to be clear if the write-in  
13 vote cast for an office contains both the first and last name of an official write-in candidate for that  
14 office; and if no two official write-in candidates for that office share a first or last name, either the  
15 first name or last name alone shall be deemed to express the clear intention of the voter.

16 (c) Except as otherwise specifically provided in this chapter, no ballot shall be rejected for  
17 any technical error which does not make it impossible to determine the voter's choice.

18 **§3-6-6. Ballot counting procedures in paper ballot systems.**

19 When the polls are closed in an election precinct where only a single election board has  
20 served, the receiving board shall perform all of the duties prescribed in this section. When the polls  
21 are closed in an election precinct where two election boards have served, both the receiving and  
22 counting boards shall together conclude the counting of the votes cast, the tabulating and  
23 summarizing of the number of the votes cast, unite in certifying and attesting to the returns of the  
24 election and join in making out the certificates of the result of the election provided for in this article.  
25 They may not adjourn until the work is completed.

26 In all election precincts, as soon as the polls are closed and the last voter has voted, the  
27 receiving board shall proceed to ascertain the result of the election in the following manner:



1           (a) In counties in which the clerk of the county commission has determined that the absentee  
2 ballots should be counted at the precincts in which the absent voters are registered, the receiving  
3 board must first process the absentee ballots and deposit the ballots to be counted in the ballot box.  
4 The receiving board shall then proceed as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section. In  
5 counties in which the absentee ballots are counted at the central counting center, the receiving board  
6 shall proceed as provided in subsections (b) and (c) of this section.

7           (b) The receiving board shall ascertain from the pollbooks and record on the proper form the  
8 total number of voters who have voted. The number of ballots challenged shall be counted and  
9 subtracted from the total and the result should equal the number of ballots deposited in the ballot  
10 box. The commissioners and clerks shall also report, over their signatures, the number of ballots  
11 spoiled and the number of ballots not voted.

12           (c) The procedure for counting ballots, whether performed throughout the day by the counting  
13 board as provided in section thirty-three, article one of this chapter or after the close of the polls by  
14 the receiving board or by the two boards together, shall be as follows:

15           (1) The ballot box shall be opened and all votes shall be tallied in the presence of the entire  
16 election board;

17           (2) One of the commissioners shall take one ballot from the box at a time and shall determine  
18 if the ballot is properly signed by the two poll clerks of the receiving board. If not properly signed,  
19 the ballot shall be placed in an envelope for the purpose, without unfolding it. Any ballot which  
20 does not contain the proper signatures shall be challenged. If an accurate accounting is made for all  
21 ballots in the precinct in which the ballot was voted and no other challenge exists against the voter,  
22 the ballot shall be counted at the canvas. If properly signed, the commissioner shall hand the ballot  
23 to a team of commissioners of opposite politics, who shall together read the votes marked on the  
24 ballot for each office. Write-in votes for election for any person other than an official write-in  
25 candidate shall be disregarded.;

26           (3) The commissioner responsible for removing the ballots from the box shall keep a tally  
27 of the number of ballots as they are removed and whenever the number shall equal the number of  
28 voters entered on the pollbook minus the number of provisional ballots, as determined according to

1 subsection (a) of this section, any other ballot found in the ballot box shall be placed in the same  
2 envelope with unsigned ballots not counted, without unfolding the same or allowing anyone to  
3 examine or know the contents thereof, and the number of excess ballots shall be recorded on the  
4 envelope;

5 (4) Each poll clerk shall keep an accurate tally of the votes cast by marking in ink on tally  
6 sheets, which shall be provided for the purpose, so as to show the number of votes received by each  
7 candidate for each office and for and against each issue on the ballot; and

8 (5) When the reading of the votes is completed, the ballot shall be immediately strung on a  
9 thread.